



COLEGIO ESPAÑA DE CONCEPCION.  
DEPARTAMENTO DE INGLES.  
ENSEÑANZA MEDIA .  
FIRST GRADE.  
Lorena Jara Diaz/ Abril/2020.

ENGLISH WORKSHEET

NAME:	CLASS:	DATE:
AIMS: 1.- Identify Vocabulary related to professions. 2.-Define some professions by matching.	3.-Read a text about an important profession and find specific information. 4.- To use simple present.	5.-Describe activities that people do in a specific profession. 6.-Students describe their favorite profession, using some specific verbs.

I.- COMPLETE EACH PROFESSION WITH AN SPECIFIC ACTIVITY. (1 Point each one)

Examples:

- 1.- A pilot is a person who flies an airplane.
- 2.- A bus driver is a person who drives a bus.
- 3.- a nurse is a person who..... TAKES CARE OF SICK PEOPLE.....
- 4.- a farmer is a person who.....WORKS IN A FARM.....
- 5.- an engineer is a person who.....DEVELOPS SOLUTIONS TO TECHNICAL PROBLEMS.
- 6.- a Singer is a person who..... SINGS IN A CONCERT.....
- 7.- a doctor is a person who..... GIVES MEDICAL ATTENTION.....
- 8.- a scientist is a person who.....RESEARCHES ABOUT VIRUS.....
- 9.- an actor is a person who..... ACTS IN MOVIES.....
- 10.- a writer is a person who.....WRITES BOOKS, NOVELS ETC.....

II.- ANSWER THE QUESTION: WHAT DO THEY DO? (1 point each answer).

EXAMPLE: what does a mechanic do? He repairs machines and vehicles.

Use the following expressions:

He plays the piano/ he acts in a movie/ he reports news/ he teaches students/ he flies a plane/ he writes books/ he cooks very well / he designs clothes. / he rescues people from burning buildings/

- 1.- what does a teacher do? .....HE TEACHES STUDENTS.....
- 2.- what does a pilot do?.....HE FLIES A PLANE.....
- 3.-what does a journalist do?.....HE REPORTS NEWS.....
- 4.- what does a chef do?.....HE COOKS VERY WELL.....
- 5.- what does a fashion designer do? .....HE DESIGNS CLOTHES.....
- 6.- what does a firefighter do?.....HE RESCUES PEOPLE FROM BURNING BUILDINGS.....
- 7.- what does an actor do?.....HE ACTS IN A MOVIE .....
- 8.- what does a pianist do?.....HE PLAYS THE PIANO.....

Remember that verbs in simple present change in third person.

Examples: I love you love we love they love/ he loves/she loves/ it loves.

I, you, we, they run/ he, she runs.

I, you, we, they eat/ he, she eats.

I, you, we, they teach/ he, she teaches.

I, you, we, they work/ he, she works

I, you, we, they fly/he, she flies.

I, you, we, they speak/ she, he speaks.

I, you, we, they study/ she, he studies.

Most verbs in present simple add an **S** in the third person he or she but there are verbs that finish in **ch, sh, x** or **ss** that add **es**.

Examples:

Catch: he/ she catches

Wash: he/she washes

Fix: he /she fixes

Miss: he/she misses.

When the verb finish in consonant plus y you change the y for i. and add es. Examples

Study/.. he, she studies.

Fry/....he, she fries.

Try/...he, she tries.

**IV.- ANSWER THE QUESTIONS USING PRESENT SIMPLE (2 points each answer)**

1.- where do you work? I work in a big school .

2.-where does a doctor work? he works in a hospital.

**III.- READ THE TEXT AND CIRCLE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE. (1 Point each answer)**

Nikki Evans is a car mechanic in London. She used to be a librarian. We asked her why she decided to work with cars , “My first reason was independence” she said, “I also wanted to use my hands, and I like to learn how things work. Besides I came to the conclusion that many people prefer to have a woman repair their cars.

Nikki didn't find it easy to become a car mechanic . she had to attend a skills centre, a special sort of college where people can learn a new job,for twenty weeks. She tells us about it.

“for ten weeks I was the only woman among four hundred men. And some of them were rude to me just because of my sex. It was also very tiring :from eight in the morning to five in the evening with only thirty minutes for lunch.

Now Nikki works freelance .....that is, she is self-employed, working for herself and not for a garage or a company.-

- 1.-Nikki is a..... a) a new student B) a mechanic c) a librarian d) a doctor.
- 2.- Nikki decided to work as mechanic because off.....a) her parents B) her Independence c) her friends.
- 3.- Nikki likes .....A)to learn how the things work. b)to learn about Jobs. c)to work with a lot of people.
- 4.- Nikki studied .....a)at the University. b) in a car's school. C) in a skill centre.
- 5.- For ten weeks she was..... a) a librarian. b) an interesting woman. C) she was the only woman among 400 men.
- 6.-Some of these men were.....a) intelligent b) interesting C)rude d) hardworking.
- 7.-Nikki worked.....a) for eight weeks B) nine hours a day c) for two years.
- 8.- she had only..... a) sixty minutes for lunch B) thirty minutes for lunch c) an hour for lunch.
- 9.- Now Nikki works.....a) at home b) at the university C) freelance.
- 10.-Nikki works in.....a) a big school. B) a big city c) a big company.

1.- B 2.- B 3.- A 4.- C 5.- C 6.- C 7.- B 8.- B 9.- C 10.- B

IV.- READ THE TEXT AND ANSWER USING PRESENT SIMPLE. (2 Points each answer)

She is Sally, she is 16 years old, she lives with her parents in Santiago, on week days she gets up at 6,30 in the morning, she usually takes a shower, she brushes her teeth, then she has breakfast, at 7,30 she takes the bus, she starts classes at 8,00 o'clock .

In the afternoon, she has lunch at 14,30 at school, she leaves school at 16,30, she gets home at 17,00 after school she watches tv.,she reads a book, at 19,30 she does her homework.

In the evening she calls her friends and she dines with her parents, at midnight she goes to bed.

- 1.- who is Sally? SHE IS A STUDENT.
- 2.- who does she live with? SHE LIVES WITH HER PARENTS .
- 3.-What does she do at school? SHE HAS CLASSES.
- 4.- what does she do in the morning? IN THE MORNING, SHE USUALLY TAKES A SHOWER.
- 5.- what does she do in the afternoon? IN THE AFTERNOON, SHE HAS LUNCH SHE GETS HOME .
- 6.- what does she do in the evening? IN THE EVENING, SHE CALLS HER FRIENDS.

V.- WRITE 4 SENTENCES DESCRIBING YOUR FAVORITE JOB. (8 points)

I would like to be a psychologist because I would like to help people and listen what they think or what they are thinking. I would like to support people and I want to get out the sickness called depression .

In this job you can...be a better person for understanding others .-

To be a good ..... psychologist involves..... to be patient, friendly and understanding..

I would like to have the opportunity for working in a Korean company.-

Would is a word that indicate condition. Indica condición.

- 1.- I would like: me gustaría

2.- I would be: yo sería

3.- I would go: yo iría

4.- I would see: yo vería.

5.- I would do: yo haría.

READ THE TEXT AND ANSWER TRUE OR FALSE. (1 POINT)

Technology is advancing at an unprecedented rate, with new innovations creating landmarks every day. It is this enormous boom of technology that is responsible for easing the life of many people in the modern world, by making tasks which were otherwise strenuous or complicated easier and accessible.

According to research it has been found that students retain more information when the knowledge is imparted to them in varied modes of teaching, with vocal deliveries being a major part in it.

Foreign students learn the new dialect that you are trying to become fluent in. According to research it has been revealed that hearing the new dialect that you are trying to learn can help improve your chances of learning and speaking it quicker than usual, another important aspect is that technology can help foreign students to learn to pronounce better.

Texts to speech has renovated the lives of the modern man and has made it easier.

The world has become more accessible to people belonging to various strata of society.

1.- .....true.....Technology is used as an advanced tool in this modern world.

2.- .....false.....New innovation created new landmarks.

3.- .....true.....the boom of technology has created a style of learning.

4.- .....true.....According to the new technology students can learn more and easier in these days.

5.- .....true.....foreign students learn the new dialect that you are trying to become fluent in.

6.....true.....technology can help you to improve your chances of learning and speaking a foreign language.

II.- READ THE TEXT AND ANSWER. (2 POINTS)

1.- HOW CAN TECHNOLOGY IMPROVE OUR MODERN LIFE?

Technology can help us to study, to learn new strategies for learning, to discover new information, to improve our life.....

2.- HOW CAN TECHNOLOGY IMPROVE YOUR LEARNING IN A FOREIGN LANGUAGE?

Foreign students learn the new dialect that you are trying to become fluent in. According to research it has been revealed that hearing the new dialect that you are trying to learn can help improve your chances of learning and speaking it quicker than usual.-

**III.- COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING THESE WORDS: MUCH/ MANY/ A LOT OF.(1 point)**

- 1.- there are .....many.....people living in Rome.
- 2.- how.....much.....money do you need today?
- 3.- there are .....a lot of.....students doing the exam.
- 4.- how.....many.....singers are there in the festival?
- 5.- there are.....a lot of..... animals in danger today.
- 6.- how.....much.....milk do you need?
- 7.- the police found .....many.....children crying in a big house in the country.
- 8.- How.....many.....hours do you work ?

Many: you use this word with countable nouns.

Examples: many hours, many people, many words. Many apples, many houses, many animals. Etc

Much: you use this word with uncountable nouns: you can talk about: liquids, powders, gases, concepts etc.

Examples: I have much money

How much oil do you need?

How much money do you have?

A lot of: es un cuantificador indica cantidad se usa con sustantivos contables o incontables.

There are a lot of people.

There are a lot of animals.

There are a lot of money.

There is a lot of oil.

Much money, much milk, much time, much love, much

**IV.- COMPLETE SENTENCES USING SHOULD OR SHOULDN'T GIVING ADVICE.(1 point)**

- 1.- You .....SHOULD..... be attentive in class.
- 2.- you.....SHOULD..... be a very polite student because you should respect your teachers..
- 3.- you shouldn't drink alcohol because it is dangerous for your health.
- 4.- you .....should study ..... if you want to be a good student.
- 5.- you .....shouldn't .....speak in class because you should be attentive.

To give advice you use SHOULD OR SHOUDN'T.

EXAMPLES:

Nina is crying she lost her wallet, she should go to the pólice.

Peter is dancing with Sally but he should go to work.

Sarah needs money so she should fin dan extra job.

You shouldn't be sad because you have many friends.

You shouldn't read a lot, because you don't have a test.

Advice:Consejo.